

**Torah Academy of Boca Raton - ECE
Additional Policies & Regulations**

Student Name: _____

Grade: _____

1. I have received a copy of the Torah Academy of Boca Raton 's non-medical physical barrier policy (Parent Handbook).
2. I have received a copy of Torah Academy of Boca Raton's discipline policies (Parent Handbook).
3. A copy of the childcare facility brochure is available to me (from school office). (Chapter 402.3125,F.S.)
4. Rules require that unless the school provides, all meals and snacks, parents must accept responsibility for their child's nutritional needs. By signing below, I am agreeing to the Alternate Nutrition Plan (Article XII, B, PBC), wherein parents take responsibility for their child's meals and snacks.

*I agree to provide/arrange for the following meals and/or snacks to meet my child's nutritional and dietary needs:
(Please check all.)*

Breakfast

Lunch

Dinner

Morning Snack

Afternoon Snack

Evening Snack

Parent Signature _____

Date _____

Director's Signature _____

Date _____

What is the influenza (flu) virus?

Influenza ("the flu") is caused by a virus which infects the nose, throat, and lungs. According to the US Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the flu is more dangerous than the common cold for children. Unlike the common cold, the flu can cause severe illness and life threatening complications in many people. Children under 5 who have the flu commonly need medical care. Severe flu complications are most common in children younger than 2 years old. Flu season can begin as early as October and last as late as May.



For additional information, please visit
www.myflorida.com/childcare or contact your
local licensing office below:

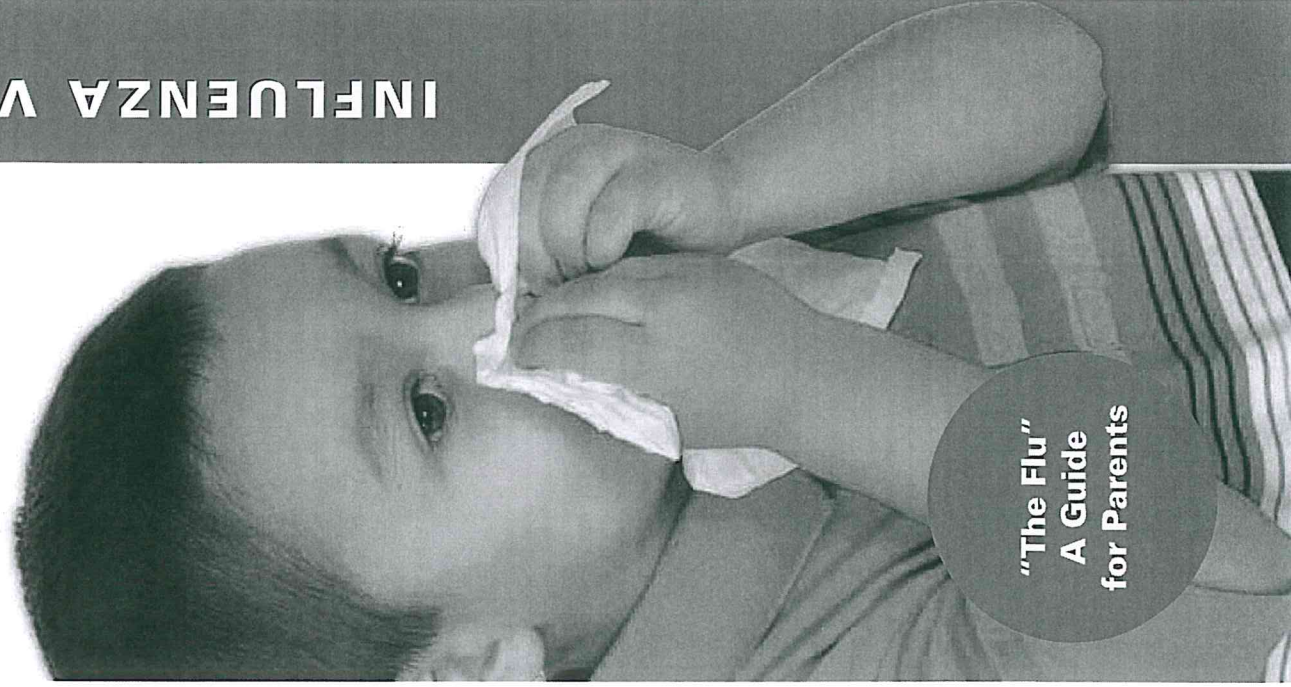
How can I tell if my child has a cold, or the flu?

Most people with the flu feel tired and have fever, headache, dry cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose, and sore muscles. Some people, especially children, may also have stomach problems and diarrhea. Because the flu and colds have similar symptoms, it can be difficult to tell the difference between them based on symptoms alone. In general, the flu is worse than the common cold, and symptoms such as fever, body aches, extreme tiredness, and dry cough are more common and intense. People with colds are more likely to have a runny or stuffy nose. Colds generally do not result in serious health problems, such as pneumonia, bacterial infections, or hospitalizations.

CE/PI 175-70, June 2009

This brochure was created by the Department of Children and Families in consultation with the Department of Health.

INFLUENZA VIRUS



**"The Flu"
A Guide
for Parents**

During the 2009 legislative session, a new law was passed that requires child care facilities, family day care homes and large family child care homes provide parents with information detailing the causes, symptoms, and transmission of the influenza virus (the flu) every year during August and September.

My signature below verifies receipt of the brochure on *Influenza Virus, The Flu, A Guide to Parents*:

Name: _____
 Child's Name: _____
 Date Received: _____
 Signature: _____

Please complete and return this portion of the brochure to your child care provider, in order for them to maintain it in their records.



What should I do if my child gets sick?

Consult your doctor and make sure your child gets plenty of rest and drinks a lot of fluids. Never give aspirin or medicine that has aspirin in it to children or teenagers who may have the flu.

CALL OR TAKE YOUR CHILD TO A DOCTOR RIGHT AWAY IF YOUR CHILD:

- Has a high fever or fever that lasts a long time
- Has trouble breathing or breathes fast
- Has skin that looks blue
- Is not drinking enough
- Seems confused, will not wake up, does not want to be held, or has seizures (uncontrolled shaking)
- Gets better but then worse again
- Has other conditions (like heart or lung disease, diabetes) that get worse

What can I do to prevent the spread of germs?

The main way that the flu spreads is in respiratory droplets from coughing and sneezing. This can happen when droplets from a cough or sneeze of an infected person are propelled through the air and infect someone nearby. Though much less frequent, the flu may also spread through indirect contact with contaminated hands and articles soiled with nose and throat secretions. To prevent the spread of germs:

- Wash hands often with soap and water.
- Cover mouth/nose during coughs and sneezes. If you don't have a tissue, cough or sneeze into your upper sleeve, not your hands.
- Limit contact with people who show signs of illness.
- Keep hands away from the face. Germs are often spread when a person touches something that is contaminated with germs and then touches his or her eyes, nose, or mouth.



When should my child stay home from child care?

A person may be contagious and able to spread the virus from 1 day before showing symptoms to up to 5 days after getting sick. The time frame could be longer in children and in people who don't fight disease well (people with weakened immune systems). When sick, your child should stay at home to rest and to avoid giving the flu to other children and should not return to child care or other group setting until his or her temperature has been normal and has been sign and symptom free for a period of 24 hours.



How can I protect my child from the flu?

A flu vaccine is the best way to protect against the flu. Because the flu virus changes year to year, annual vaccination against the flu is recommended. The CDC recommends that all children from the ages of 6 months up to their 19th birthday receive a flu vaccine every fall or winter (children receiving a vaccine for the first time require two doses). You also can protect your child by receiving a flu vaccine yourself.

For additional helpful information about the dangers of the flu and how to protect your child, visit: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/> or <http://www.immunizeflorida.org/>

Licensing Standards

This child care facility is licensed according to the minimum licensure standards included in section 402.305, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Chapter 65C-22, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

License Number: _____

License issued on ___/___/___

License Expires on ___/___/___

For more information regarding the compliance history of this child care provider, please visit: www.myflorida.com/childcare.

Every licensed child care facility must meet the minimum state child care licensing standards pursuant to s. 402.305, F.S., and ch. 65C-22, F.A.C., which include, but are not limited to, the following:

General Requirements

- ✓ Valid license posted for parents to see.
- ✓ All staff appropriately screened.
- ✓ Maintain minimum staff-to-child ratios:

Under 1 yr. old	1:4
1 yr. old	1:6
2 yrs. old	1:11
3 yrs. old	1:15
4 yrs. old	1:20
5 yrs. old & older	1:25

- ✓ Maintain appropriate transportation vehicles (if transportation is provided).

- ✓ Provide parents with written disciplinary practices used by the facility.
- ✓ Provide access to the facility during normal hours of operation.

Physical Environment

- ✓ Maintain sufficient usable indoor floor space for playing, working, and napping.
- ✓ Provide space that is clean and free of litter and other hazards.
- ✓ Maintain sufficient lighting and inside temperatures.
- ✓ Equip with age and developmentally appropriate toys.
- ✓ Provide appropriate bathroom facilities and other furnishings.
- ✓ Provide isolation area for children who become ill.
- ✓ Practice proper hand washing, toileting, and diapering activities.

Training Requirements

- ✓ 40-hour introductory child care training.
- ✓ 10-hour in-service training annually.
- ✓ 0.5 continuing education unit of approved training or 5 clock hours of training in early literacy and language development.
- ✓ Director Credential for all facility directors.

Health Related Requirements

- ✓ Emergency procedures that include:
 - Posting Florida Abuse Hotline number along with other emergency numbers.
 - Staff trained in first aid and Infant/Child CPR on the premises at all times.
 - Fully stocked first aid kit.
 - A working fire extinguisher and documented monthly fire drills with children and staff.
- ✓ Medication and hazardous materials are inaccessible and out of children's reach.

Food and Nutrition

- ✓ Post a meal and snack menu that provides daily nutritional needs of the children (if meals are provided).

Record Keeping

- ✓ Maintain accurate records that include:
 - Children's health exam/immunization record.
 - Medication records.
 - Enrollment information.
 - Personnel records.
 - Daily attendance.
 - Accidents and incidents.
 - Parental permission for field trips and administration of medications.

Parent's Role

The parent's role in quality child care is vital to its success. In partnering with the caregiver to achieve this goal, parents should:

- ✓ Familiarize themselves with the child care standards used to license the child care facility.
- ✓ Inquire about the qualifications and experience of child care staff, as well as staff longevity.
- ✓ Know the facility's policies and procedures.
- ✓ Communicate with the caregiver.
- ✓ Visit and observe the facility.
- ✓ Participate in special activities, meetings, and conferences.
- ✓ Talk to their child about their daily experiences in child care.
- ✓ Arrange alternate care for their child when they are sick.



To report non-compliance with state licensing standards, please contact your local licensing office.

Quality Child Care

Quality child care offers healthy, social, and educational experiences under qualified supervision in a safe, nurturing, and stimulating environment. Children in these settings participate in daily, age-appropriate activities that help develop essential skills, build independence and instill self-respect.

When evaluating the quality of a child care setting, the following indicators should be considered:

Quality Caregivers

- ✓ Are friendly and eager to care for children.
- ✓ Accept family cultural and ethnic differences.
- ✓ Are warm, understanding, encouraging, and responsive to each child's individual needs.
- ✓ Use a pleasant tone of voice and frequently hold, cuddle, and talk to the children.
- ✓ Help children manage their behavior in a positive, constructive, and non-threatening manner.
- ✓ Allow children to play alone or in small groups.
- ✓ Are attentive to and interact with the children.
- ✓ Provide stimulating, interesting, and educational activities.
- ✓ Demonstrate knowledge of social and emotional needs and developmental tasks for all children.
- ✓ Communicate with parents.

Quality Environments

- ✓ Are clean, safe, inviting, comfortable, and child-friendly.
- ✓ Provide easy access to age-appropriate toys.
- ✓ Display children's activities and creations.
- ✓ Provide a safe and secure environment that fosters the growing independence of all children.

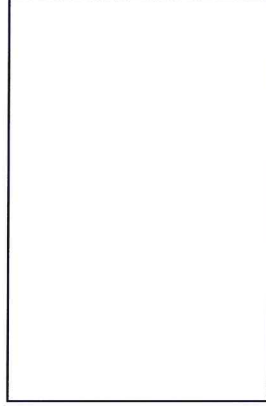
Quality Activities

- ✓ Are children initiated and teacher facilitated.
- ✓ Include social interchanges with all children.
- ✓ Are expressive including play, painting, drawing, story telling, music, dancing, and other varied activities.
- ✓ Include exercise and coordination development.
- ✓ Include free play and organized activities.
- ✓ Include opportunities for all children to read, be creative, explore, and problem-solve.



To report suspected or actual cases of child abuse or neglect, please call the Florida Abuse Hotline at 1-800-962-2873.

For additional information, please visit www.myflorida.com/childcare or contact your local licensing office below:



Know Your Child Care Facility



CF/PI 175-24, 10/2007

This brochure was created by the Department of Children and Families, Child Care Program Office pursuant to s. 402.3125(5), F.S.,